

- الـ اسلول او اعلى البطن
- علات غثيان
- صعوبات في الهضم
- اسهال
- حالات تقيؤُ
- فقدان الشهية*(اناروكسيما)*
- تراجع الشهية*
- صعوبات في البلع (سر البلع)*
- حرقة معوية*
- انتفاخ غير عادي مصحوب بالغاز وغثيان او تقيؤ (انسداد معوي زائف)*
- تغير في حاستة الترق
- عطش

اضطرابات عادة الصدر
- ازاعات في الصدر
- شعور بالبرد
- المـ في الارس (صداع)
- مرض في الجهاز الهضمي (متلازمة مضادة للكلورين)

مسنون مرتدع عن هرمون البرولاكتين في الدم قد تسبب النساء بنشوبات في الدورة الشهرية النتظمة او تتفق مشاكل احتيالي لاحب الماء، قد يصاب الرجال باضطرابات في رغبة الجنسية او الانتصاب، بالاضافة تضخم ساق الثدي.
* تم الإبلاغ عن هذه الاعراض الجانبية بالنسبة لأدوية من نفس النوع مع ذلك، ليس معروفاً إذا كانت هذه الاعراض الجانبية متصلة أيضاً أثناء استعمال فيسوكس الذي تم وصفه لك.

شعر متلقي العلاج ينصلب اثناء العلاج اليبي بالاوكسجين (انظر الفصل 2 بند لا يجوز استعمال فيسوكس).

اعراض جانبية اضافية لدى الاطفال والراهقين قد يكون الأطفال أكثر حساسية لتأثيرات هذا الدواء، لا سيما للأعراض الجانبية في الجهاز الهضمي المركزي وللأعراض الجانبية بالنسبة للأدوية من نفس النوع مع ذلك، ليس معروفاً إذا كان أحد الأعراض الجانبية متصلة أيضاً أثناء استعمال فيسوكس الذي تم وصفه لك.

من الممكن تبليغ وزارة الصحة عن اعراض جانبية من خلال الضغط على الرابط "التبليغ عن اعراض جانبية لعلاء دوائي موجود على الصفحة الرئيسية في موقع وزارة الصحة" (www.health.gov.il) الذي يمكّنكم إلى استماراة عبر الانترنت للتخلص من الاعراض الجانبية، أو غير خول الرابط <https://sideeffects.health.gov.il>

5. كيف يخزن الدواء؟

تحجب التسمى يجب حفظ الدواء، وكل دواء آخر، في مكان مغلق، بعيداً عن متناول أيدي ومحالل رؤية الأولاد والأطفال، وهكذا تتجنب التسمم. لا تبتغي التفتيء بدون تعليمات صريحة من الطبيب.
يمنع استعمال الدواء بعد تاريخ انتهاء الصلاحية (exp. Date) الظاهر على العبوة تاريخ انتهاء الصلاحية يتسبّب إلى اليوم الأخير من نفس الشهر.
التخزين: يجب ترجمة العلبة على درجة حرارة تحت 30°C.
للاستعمال بالإعطاء لمدة واحدة فقط.
يجب التخلص من كل المحلول المتبقى دون استعمال، إذا لم يتم استعمال المحلول فوراً، تكون مدة التخزين وشروط التخزين قبل الاستعمال على مسؤولية المستخدم.
يمنع إلقاء الدواء في مياه الصرف الصحي أو في سلة المهملات في البيت استثنى الصيدلي على كييفية التخلص من الدواء (الأدوية التي لم تعد قيد الاستعمال).
يساعد ذلك في الحفاظ على البيئة.

6. معلومات إضافية

بالاضافة إلى المادة الفعالة، يحتوى الدواء، أيضًا:
sodium chloride, hydrochloric acid, water for injections
كيف يبدو الدواء وماذا تحتوي العبوة:
 محلول شفاف ويعيم اللون داخل محفظة مغناطة للاستعمال تحتوي على 10 مل من المحلول، ومحسنة من البولي بروبيلين من مكبس مطاطي مصنوع من البروموبولي وغطاء المطرقة.
عيوة تختفي على 12 أو 100 محفظة جاهزة للاستعمال للتوصيل المباشر بنظام القطرة الميكانية.
قد يتغير شفاف العبوة مع تغير درجة الحرارة.
صاحب التسجيل وعوانه: بروفارم، مص، ص.ب. 4046، بن جوريون 23، رخون يعوفر.
اسم المنتج وعوانه:
Klosterfrau Berlin GmbH
Motzener Strasse 41
12277 Berlin
Germany

تمت المصادقة عليها في تشرير الثنائي 2023.

رقم تسجيل الدواء في مجلس الأدوية الإسرائيلي في وزارة الصحة: 174-61-37610-99

لتسيطير قراءة هذه النشرة وتسييلها ورد النص بصيغة المذكر. مع هذا فالدواء معد لبناء كل الجنسيين.

DOR-VES-S-PIL-1223-02

Patient leaflet in accordance with the Pharmacists' Regulations (Preparations) - 1986

This medicine is dispensed with a doctor's prescription only

Vesoxx Solution for intravesical use

Active ingredient

oxybutynin hydrochloride

1 ml solution contains 1 mg oxybutynin hydrochloride.
1 pre-filled syringe contains 10 mg oxybutynin hydrochloride.

Inactive ingredients and allergens in this medicine: see section 2 under 'Important information about some of this medicine's ingredients', and section 6 'Additional information'.

Read the entire leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine. This leaflet contains concise information about this medicine. If you have any further questions, consult your doctor or pharmacist.

This medicine has been prescribed to treat your illness. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if it seems to you that their illness is similar to yours.

1. What is this medicine intended for?

Vesoxx is indicated for the suppression of neurogenic detrusor overactivity (NDO) in children from 6 years of age and adults, who are managing bladder emptying by clean intermittent catheterisation (CIC), if they cannot be adequately managed by oral anticholinergic agents due to lack of efficacy and/or intolerable side effects.

Therapeutic group: Medicines for treatment of urinary frequency and urinary incontinence

The medicine works by relaxing the muscles of the bladder, thereby stopping sudden muscle contractions (spasms). This helps control the release of urine.

Vesoxx solution is intended for direct injection into the bladder (intravesical administration) through a tube called a catheter.

Treatment with Vesoxx must be started and supervised by a doctor specialised in the treatment of overactive bladder due to neurological disorders.

2. Before using this medicine

Do not use this medicine if:

- You are sensitive (allergic) to oxybutynin hydrochloride (the active ingredient) or to any of the other ingredients in this medicine (see section 6).
- You have a rare autoimmune disease called myasthenia gravis that makes the muscles of the body to become weak and tire easily.
- You have a severe stomach or bowel disorder such as severe ulcerative colitis or toxic megacolon (an acute widening of the bowel).
- You suffer from glaucoma (increased intraocular pressure, sometimes sudden and painful with blurred vision or loss of vision). If you have a family history of glaucoma, tell your doctor.
- You experience difficulties in urinating or incomplete bladder emptying during urination (urinary retention).
- You experience frequent urination at night caused by heart or kidney disease.
- You receive oxygen therapy.

Special warnings about using this medicine

Before using Vesoxx, tell your doctor if:
- You have an infection of the urinary tract. Your doctor may need to prescribe certain antibiotics for you

- You are above 65 years of age, as you may be more sensitive to Vesoxx

- You take sublingual nitrates (a medicine which is placed under the tongue to treat chest pain)

- You have an obstruction of the digestive system, since Vesoxx might slow down the stomach and bowel movements

- You have a stomach tear (hiatus hernia) or heartburn

- You have a nerve disorder called autonomic neuropathy that affects involuntary body functions including heart rate, blood pressure, perspiration and digestion

- You have problems with memory, language, or thinking abilities

- You have an overactive thyroid gland, which can cause increased appetite, weight loss, or sweating

- You have narrowing of the blood vessels that supply blood and oxygen to the heart

- You have heart problems, which can cause shortness of breath or ankle swelling

- You have irregular and/or rapid heart beat

- You have high blood pressure

- You have an enlarged prostate

Vesoxx may reduce the amount of saliva, resulting in tooth decay (carries), gum disease, or fungal infection of the mouth (oral thrush).

Oxybutynin can cause a certain type of glaucoma. Immediately contact your doctor if you experience blurred vision, loss of vision or any pain in the eye. See also 'Tests and follow-up' section.

Care must be taken when using Vesoxx in hot weather or if you have fever. For example, you should stay out of sun and avoid sports activity in the midday heat. This is because Vesoxx reduces the amount of patient's sweat. This can lead to heat exhaustion and heat stroke.

Children and adolescents

Vesoxx is not recommended for use in children under the age of 6 years. The efficacy and safety of use in children under the age of 6 years have not been examined. See also 'Additional side effects in children and adolescents' in section 4.

Tests and follow-up

You should undergo periodic tests of visual acuity and intracocular pressure during treatment.

Interactions with other medicines

If you are taking or have recently taken other medicines, including nonprescription medicines and dietary supplements, tell your doctor or pharmacist.

Using Vesoxx at the same time with other medicines that cause similar side effects such as dry mouth, constipation and sleepiness may increase the frequency and severity of these side effects.

The active substance of Vesoxx is oxybutynin hydrochloride, which may slow the digestive tract and thereby influence the absorption of other oral medicines; in addition, using this medicine together with other medicines may increase the effect of oxybutynin hydrochloride.

In particular, tell your doctor if you are taking any of the following medicines:

- bisphosphonates (used to treat osteoporosis) and other medicines that can cause or worsen inflammation of the oesophagus
- ketoconazole, itraconazole or fluconazole (used to treat fungal infections)
- erythromycin, a macrolide antibiotic (used to treat bacterial infections)
- biperiden, levodopa, or amantadine (used to treat Parkinson's disease)
- antihistamines (used to treat allergies such as hay fever)
- phenothiazine, butyrophenones or clozapine (used to treat mental illness)
- tricyclic antidepressants (used to treat depression)
- dipryridamole (used to treat blood clotting problems)
- quinidine (used to treat heart rhythm disorders)
- atropine and other anticholinergic medicines (used to treat gastrointestinal disorders such as irritable bowel syndrome)
- cholinesterase inhibitors (against dementia or certain muscle diseases)

Medicines for treatment of angina pectoris (chest tightness due to reduced blood flow to the heart) that should melt under the tongue may dissolve to a lesser extent under the tongue due to mouth dryness. It is therefore recommended to moisten (wet) the mouth before taking these medicines.

Using this medicine and alcohol consumption

Vesoxx may cause sleepiness or blurred vision. Sleepiness may be increased by alcohol consumption.

Pregnancy and breastfeeding

If you are pregnant or breastfeeding, think you may be pregnant or plan to become pregnant, ask your doctor for advice before using this medicine.

Pregnancy

Do not use Vesoxx if you are pregnant unless your doctor has told you to.

Breastfeeding

It is not known whether Vesoxx is secreted in breast milk, therefore using Vesoxx during breastfeeding is not recommended.

Driving and using machines

Vesoxx may cause sleepiness or blurred vision. Special care is required while driving or using machines.

Important information about some of this medicine's ingredients

Vesoxx contains sodium

This medicine contains 3.56 mg sodium (main component of cooking/table salt) in each ml. This quantity is equivalent to 0.18% of the recommended maximum daily dietary intake of sodium for an adult.

3. How to use Vesoxx?

Always use this medicine according to your doctor's instructions. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure about your dose or about how to use this medicine.

Dosage

Your doctor will calculate the correct amount of Vesoxx needed to treat the overactive bladder. Do not change the dosage on your own mind.

During the start of treatment, your doctor will regularly check your bladder function and adjust the dosage as necessary.

Adolescents (aged 12 years and above), adults and elderly (over 65 years)

The recommended starting dosage is normally 10 ml per day.

Children (aged 6 - 12 years)

The recommended starting dosage is normally 0.1 mg/kg body weight in the morning and evening.

Do not exceed the recommended dose.

If you have liver or kidney problems

Please tell your doctor if you have a liver or kidney problem.

Method of administration

Your doctor will prescribe Vesoxx for you only if you or your relatives/caregiver are familiar with the procedure called 'clean intermittent catheterisation (CIC)'. This is a procedure which is performed at least 6 times a day to help empty urine from the bladder using a catheter.

CIC means clean intermittent catheterisation:

Clean: as germ-free as possible

Intermittent: performed on a regular schedule many times during the day

Catheterisation: using a catheter, a kind of thin tube, to drain urine out of the bladder

Your doctor will instruct you and/or your relatives/caregiver on the procedure of clean intermittent catheterisation (CIC) and the procedure of Vesoxx administration.

The procedure is as follows:

Polypropylene pre-filled syringe (for direct connection with standard catheter systems)

1. Disinfect your hands as indicated on the disinfectant package. Open the pre-filled syringe package at the spot marked for this purpose.

2. Take the pre-filled syringe out of the package. Remove the cap by turning it slightly.

3. Advice: If you were prescribed a dose lower than the amount in the syringe, remove the unnecessary amount

from the syringe before instillation (Unused medicinal product or waste material should be disposed of in accordance with instructions of the medical team. For the sake of the environment, do not dispose of medicines in wastewater).

4. Now put the syringe back into its package without touching the tip of the syringe.

5. Disinfect your hands and begin catheterisation.

6. Empty your bladder completely through the catheter and make sure that the catheter is still in the bladder before you start instillation.

7. Take the pre-filled syringe out of the package again and connect it to the catheter.

8. Instill the contents of the pre-filled syringe into the bladder by pressing the syringe plunger. Remove the pre-filled syringe together with the catheter for disposal.

9. Unused medicinal product or waste material should be disposed of in accordance with instructions of the medical team. For the sake of the environment, do not dispose of medicines in wastewater.

The injected solution remains in the bladder until the next catheterisation.

Each syringe is intended for single use only. The urethral catheter and any unused medicinal product should be discarded.

If you experience one or more of these symptoms, contact your doctor or the nearest hospital as soon as possible.

If you forget to use Vesoxx

If you forgot to use a dose at the usual time, use the usual dose in combination with the next catheterisation procedure. However, if it is nearly time for the next dose, skip the missed dose.

Do not use a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose.

If you are in doubt, always consult your doctor.

Adhere to the treatment as recommended by your doctor. Even if your health improves, do not stop treatment with this medicine without consulting your doctor.

If you stop using Vesoxx, your symptoms and condition of overactive bladder may return or worsen. Always consult your doctor, if you consider stopping the treatment.

Do not take medicines in the dark! Check the label and dose every time you take medicine. Wear glasses if you need them.

If you have any further questions about using this medicine, consult your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Side effects

As with any medicine, using Vesoxx may cause side effects in some users. Do not be alarmed by this list of side effects; you may not experience any of them.

The most common side effects are typical of this kind of medicine and include dry mouth, sleepiness and constipation.

The following side effects have been reported with respect to the use of oxybutynin hydrochloride, although not all of them have been reported for intravesical administration. The frequency of these side effects is not known (the frequency cannot be estimated from the