

דצמבר 2024

רופא/ה נכבד/ה,

רוקח/ת נכבד/ה,

חברת סנדוז פרמצבטיקה ישראל בע"מ מבקשת להודיעכם על שינוי בעובי המחט של התכשירים:

Erelzi[®] 25

etanercept 25 mg / 0.5 ml

Solution for injection in pre-filled syringe

Erelzi[®] 50

etanercept 50 mg / 1 ml

Solution for injection in pre-filled syringe
Solution for injection in pre-filled pen

מדובר בשינוי בעובי המחט ממחט בעובי 27G למחט דקה יותר בעובי 29G, על מנת להקל על הכאב באתר ההזרקה*.

ההתוויות המאושרות לתכשירים:

Rheumatoid arthritis

Erelzi is indicated for the treatment of active rheumatoid arthritis in adults when the response to disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) including methotrexate (unless contraindicated) has been inadequate. Erelzi can be used in combination with methotrexate in patients who do not respond adequately to methotrexate alone. Reducing signs and symptoms and inhibiting the progression of structural damage in patients with moderately to severely active rheumatoid arthritis. Etanercept, alone or in combination with methotrexate, has been shown to reduce the rate of progression of joint damage as measured by X-ray and to improve physical function.

Juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Treatment of polyarthritis (rheumatoid factor positive or negative) and extended oligoarthritis in children and adolescents from the age of 2 years who have had an inadequate response to, or who have proved intolerant of, methotrexate.

Treatment of psoriatic arthritis in adolescents from the age of 12 years who have had an inadequate response to, or who have proved intolerant of, methotrexate.

Treatment of enthesitis-related arthritis in adolescents from the age of 12 years who have had an inadequate response to, or who have proved intolerant of, conventional therapy.

Psoriatic arthritis

Treatment of active and progressive psoriatic arthritis in adults when the response to previous disease-modifying antirheumatic drug therapy has been inadequate. Etanercept has been shown to

improve physical function in patients with psoriatic arthritis, and to reduce the rate of progression of peripheral joint damage as measured by X-ray in patients with polyarticular symmetrical subtypes of the disease.

Axial spondyloarthritis

Ankylosing spondylitis (AS)

Treatment of adults with severe active ankylosing spondylitis who have had an inadequate response to conventional therapy.

Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis

Treatment of adults with severe non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis with objective signs of inflammation as indicated by elevated C-reactive protein (CRP) and/or magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) evidence, who have had an inadequate response to non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs).

Plaque psoriasis

Treatment of adults patients (18 years or older) with moderate to severe plaque psoriasis who are candidates for systemic therapy or phototherapy.

Paediatric plaque psoriasis

Treatment of chronic severe plaque psoriasis in children and adolescents from the age of 6 years who are inadequately controlled by, or are intolerant to, other systemic therapies or phototherapies.

Reference:

*data on file – EMA Assessment Report, July 21st, 2022

לעדכוןכם בברכה,

סנדוז פרמצבטיקה ישראל בע"מ